

Claims

What is claimed is:

1. A system for communication on a chip, comprising:
an on-chip communication bus including plural tracks; and
a plurality of stations that couple a plurality of on-chip components to the on-chip communication bus;
wherein each station has a dedicated track which it can use to send information to other stations.
2. A system as in claim 1, wherein the stations use a packet based communication protocol.
3. A system as in claim 1, wherein the on-chip components include a PCI bridge, a USB component, or an inter-integrated-circuit component.
4. A system as in claim 1, wherein each station includes:
an initiator that requests permission to transmit outgoing data over a track to another station and that transmits the outgoing data;
an arbiter that evaluates requests from other stations and selects a track on which to receive incoming data; and
a target that receives the incoming data.

1 5. A system as in claim 4, wherein the initiator is connected to a grant
2 multiplexor for selecting a grant line.

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4 6. A system as in claim 5, wherein the grant multiplexor further comprises plural
5 smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip.

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7 7. A system as in claim 4, wherein the arbiter is connected to a track multiplexor
8 for selecting a track.

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10 8. A system as in claim 7, wherein the track multiplexor further comprises plural
11 smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip.

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13 9. A system as in claim 4, wherein each station further comprises a source queue
14 for queuing outgoing data.

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16 10. A system as in claim 9, wherein the source queue is a first-in-first-out
17 register.

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19 11. A system as in claim 4, wherein each station further comprises a destination
20 queue for queuing incoming data.

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22 12. A system as in claim 11, wherein the destination queue is a first-in-first-out
23 register.

13. A system as in claim 4, wherein each station further comprises:

a source queue for queuing outgoing data, and

a destination queue for queuing incoming data.

14. A system as in claim 13, wherein the source queue and the destination queue

serve to separate a first clock domain for the on-chip communication bus from a second clock

domain for one of the plurality of on-chip components.

15. A system as in claim 1, wherein more than one of the plurality of on-chip components are coupled to the on-chip communication bus through one of the stations.

16. A system as in claim 1, wherein the stations comprise multiplexors that further comprise:

smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip in stages;

pipeline storage elements between some of the stages in order to maintain transmission speed when a track must traverse a large number of stages.

17. A system as in claim 1, wherein each station comprises a watchdog circuit that determines if its station has gone offline.

18. A system as in claim 17, wherein if the watchdog station determines that its station has gone offline, that watchdog station informs a controller connected to the system.

19. A method for communication on a chip, comprising the steps of:

1 communicating between a plurality of on-chip components and a plurality of
2 stations coupled to the plurality of on-chip components; and
3 communicating between the plurality of stations using an on-chip communication
4 bus including a plurality of tracks;
5 wherein each station has a dedicated track which it can use to send information to
6 other stations.
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8 20. A method as in claim 19, wherein the stations use a packet based
9 communication protocol.
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11 21. A method as in claim 19, wherein the on-chip components include a PCI
12 bridge, a USB component, or an inter-integrated-circuit component.
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14 22. A method as in claim 19, wherein the step of communicating between the
15 plurality of stations further comprises the steps of:
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17 sending a request from a first station to a second station;
18 evaluating the request at the second station;
19 sending a grant signal from the second station to the first station;
20 selecting a track at the second station;
21 sending a data or command from the first station to the second station; and
22 receiving the data or command at the second station.
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24 23. A method as in claim 22, wherein
sending the request is performed by an initiator at the first station;

1 evaluating the request is performed by an arbiter at the second station;
2 sending the grant signal is performed by the arbiter at the second station;
3 selecting the track is performed by the arbiter at the second station;
4 sending the data or command is performed by the initiator at the first station; and
5 receiving the data is performed by a target at the second station.
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7 24. A method as in claim 23, wherein the initiator is connected to a grant
8 multiplexor for selecting a grant line.

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10 25. A method as in claim 24, wherein the grant multiplexor further comprises
11 plural smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip.
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13 26. A method as in claim 23, wherein the arbiter is connected to a track
14 multiplexor for selecting a track.
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16 27. A method as in claim 26, wherein the track multiplexor further comprises
17 plural smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip.
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19 28. A method as in claim 23, wherein each station further comprises a source
20 queue for queuing outgoing data.
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22 29. A method as in claim 28, wherein the source queue is a first-in-first-out
23 register.
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1 30. A method as in claim 23, wherein each station further comprises a destination
2 queue for queuing incoming data.

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4 31. A method as in claim 30, wherein the destination queue is a first-in-first-out
5 register.

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7 32. A method as in claim 23, wherein each station further comprises:
8 a source queue for queuing outgoing data, and
9 a destination queue for queuing incoming data.

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11 33. A method as in claim 32, wherein the source queue and the destination queue
12 serve to separate a first clock domain for the on-chip communication bus from a second clock
13 domain for one of the plurality of on-chip components.

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15 34. A method as in claim 19, wherein more than one of the plurality of on-chip
16 components are coupled to the on-chip communication bus through one of the stations.

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18 35. A method as in claim 19, wherein the stations comprise multiplexors that
19 further comprise smaller multiplexors distributed across the chip in stages and pipeline storage
20 elements between some of the stages in order to maintain transmission speed when a track must
21 traverse a large number of stages.

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23 36. A method as in claim 19, further comprising the step of determining if a
24 station has gone offline, the step of determining performed by a watchdog circuit for the station.

1 37. A method as in claim 36, further comprising the step of informing a controller
2 if the watchdog circuit determines that its station has gone offline.

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4 38. A system for communication on a chip, comprising:
5 means for communicating between a plurality of on-chip components and a
6 plurality of stations coupled to the plurality of on-chip components; and
7 means for communicating between the plurality of stations using an on-chip
8 communication bus including a plurality of tracks;
9 wherein each station has a dedicated track which it can use to send information to
other stations.